Programme	B.S. (4-years), Communication Studies	Course Code	INML-303	Credit Hours	3	
Course Title	Title Media and Information Literacy					

Course Introduction

- Develop an understanding of the various forms and types of media messages from visual to text
- Provide different perspectives on the interpretation of same media content including role of ideology
- Initiate critical thinking in students regarding subjectivity in media content

Learning Outcomes

After completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Understand and interpret Media messages from different perspectives
- Investigate the role of bias and subjectivity in the construction and dissemination of media content related to different platforms

Course Content					
Week 1	1	Introduction to Media Literacy, Definitions and Perspectives			
Week 2	1.	introduction to Wedia Efferacy, Definitions and Terspectives			
Week 3	2.	Working of Media and its Effects; Understanding Information Processing,			
Week 4		Reception and Interpretation			
Week 5	2	Construction of Meaning: Language, Representation and Objectivity			
Week 6	٥.				
Week 7	1	Studying Placement of Content, Page Makeup and Layout			
Week 8	4.				
Week 9	5	als Interpretation: Colour, Form, Movement, Depth, Watching Position			
Week 10	٥.	Visuals interpretation. Colour, Form, Wovement, Depth, Watering Fosition			
Week 11	6	Comiatio Analysis Daysoling the hidden areas Signifier and Signified			
Week 12	0.	Semiotic Analysis, Revealing the hidden cues, Signifier and Signified			
Week 13	7	Discourses of Ideology and Hegemony in the perspective of Media Messages			
Week 14	/.				
Week 15	Q	Self and others, Gender Stereotyping and Representation			
Week 16	0.	Sen and others, Gender Stereotyping and Representation			

Textbooks and Reading Material

Share, Jeff (2015). Media Literacy is Elementary: Teaching Youth to Critically Read and Create Media. Peter Lang Inc., International Academic Publishers.

Renee., Hobbs (2011). Digital and media literacy: connecting culture and classroom. Thousand Oaks, Calif.: Corwin Press

Supsakova, Bozena (2016). "Media Education of Children a Youth as a Path to Media Literacy". ProQuest. 7 (1)

The European Charter for Media Literacy. Euromedialiteracy.eu. Retrieved on 2011-12-21.

Jacobs, Heidi (2017). Active Literacy Across the Curriculum. New York: Routledge.

Hobbs, Renee (2010). "Empowerment and protection: Complementary strategies for digital and media literacy in the United States". Formare: 1–17.

Teaching Learning Strategies

- 1. Lectures
- 2. In-Class Activities
- 3. Written Assignments

Assignments: Types and Number with Calendar

- 1. Class Participation
- 2. Attendance
- 3. Presentations
- 4. Attitude & Behavior
- 5. Hands-on Activities
- 6. Short Tests
- 7. Quizzes

Assessment

Sr. No.	Elements	Weightage	Details
1.	Midterm Assessment	35%	Written Assessment at the mid-point of the semester.
2.	Formative Assessment	25%	Continuous assessment includes: Classroom participation, assignments, presentations, viva voce, attitude and behavior, hands-on-activities, short tests, projects, practical, reflections, readings, quizzes etc.
3.	Final Assessment	40%	Written Examination at the end of the semester. It is mostly in the form of a test, but owing to the nature of the course the teacher may assess their students based on term paper, research proposal development, field work and report writing etc.